



LIACC



U.PORTO

FCPortugal

Recent Scientific Contributions

Miguel Abreu

m.abreu@fe.up.pt

Tiago Silva

up201402841@fe.up.pt

Francisco Resende

francisco.resende@ua.pt

Nuno Lau

nunolau@ua.pt

Luís Paulo Reis

lpreis@fe.up.pt

Igor Silveira

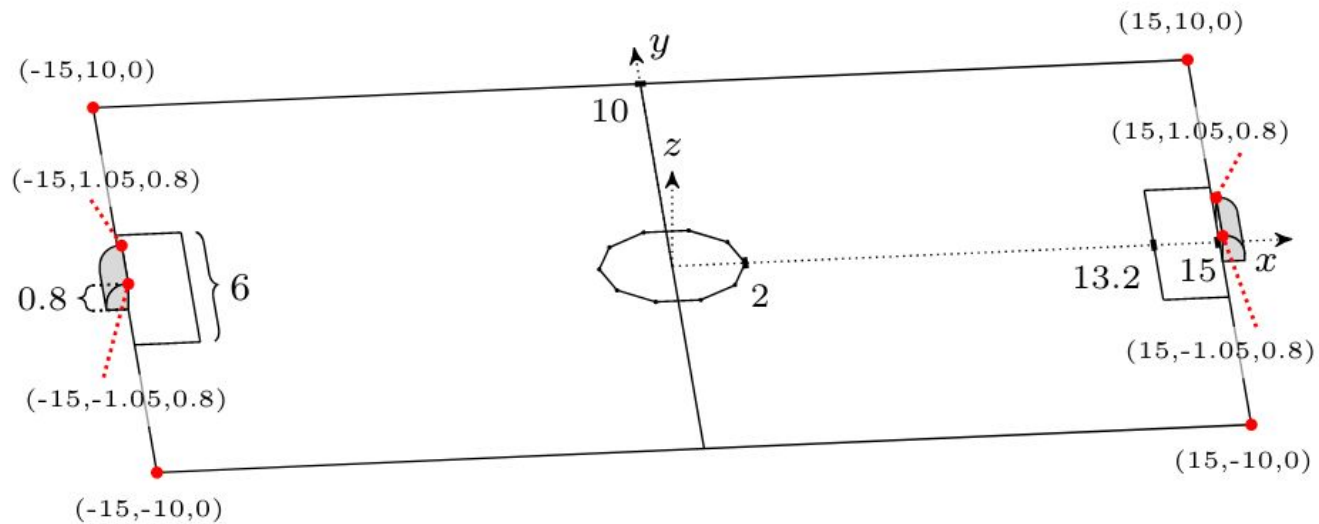
igorsilveira@gmail.com

Agenda

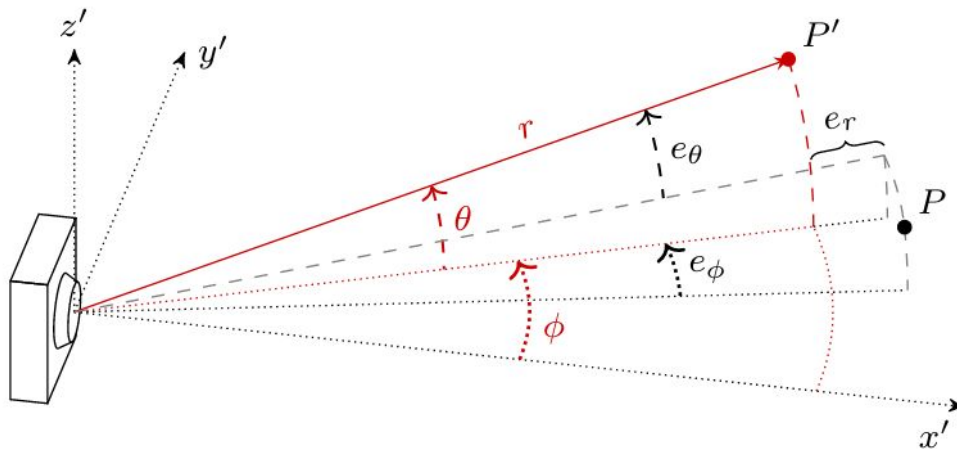
- Self-Localization
- FCP Gym
- Kick in Motion
 - Omnidirectional walk and kick
 - Sprint and kick
- Goalkeeper unified behavior
- Improved Visualization
- Conclusion

Self-Localization

Self-Localization



Self-Localization - Noise



$$e_x = [-0.005, 0.005]$$

$$e_y = [-0.005, 0.005]$$

$$e_z = [-0.005, 0.005]$$

$$e_r \sim N(\mu_r, \sigma_r^2),$$

$$\mu_r = 0,$$

$$\sigma_r = r \times 9.65 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$e_\theta \sim N(\mu_\theta, \sigma_\theta^2),$$

$$\mu_\theta = 0,$$

$$\sigma_\theta = 0.1480$$

$$e_\phi \sim N(\mu_\phi, \sigma_\phi^2),$$

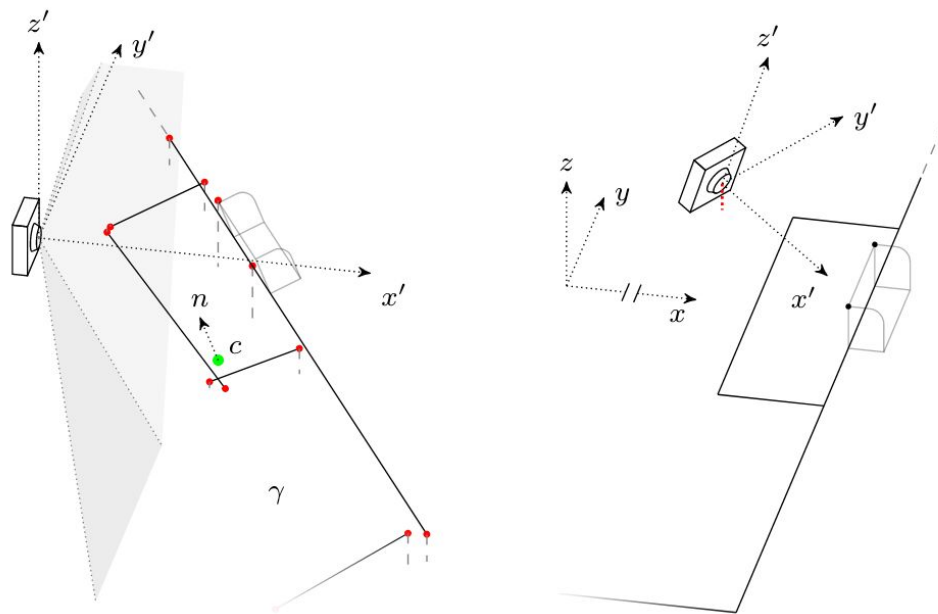
$$\mu_\phi = 0,$$

$$\sigma_\phi = 0.1225$$

Rounding Error:

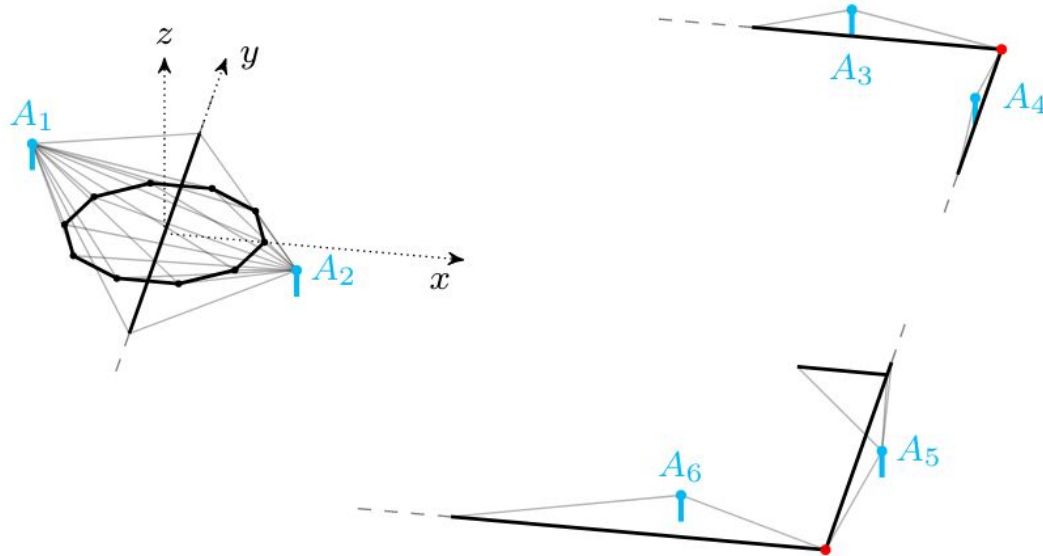
$$e \sim U(-0.005, 0.005)$$

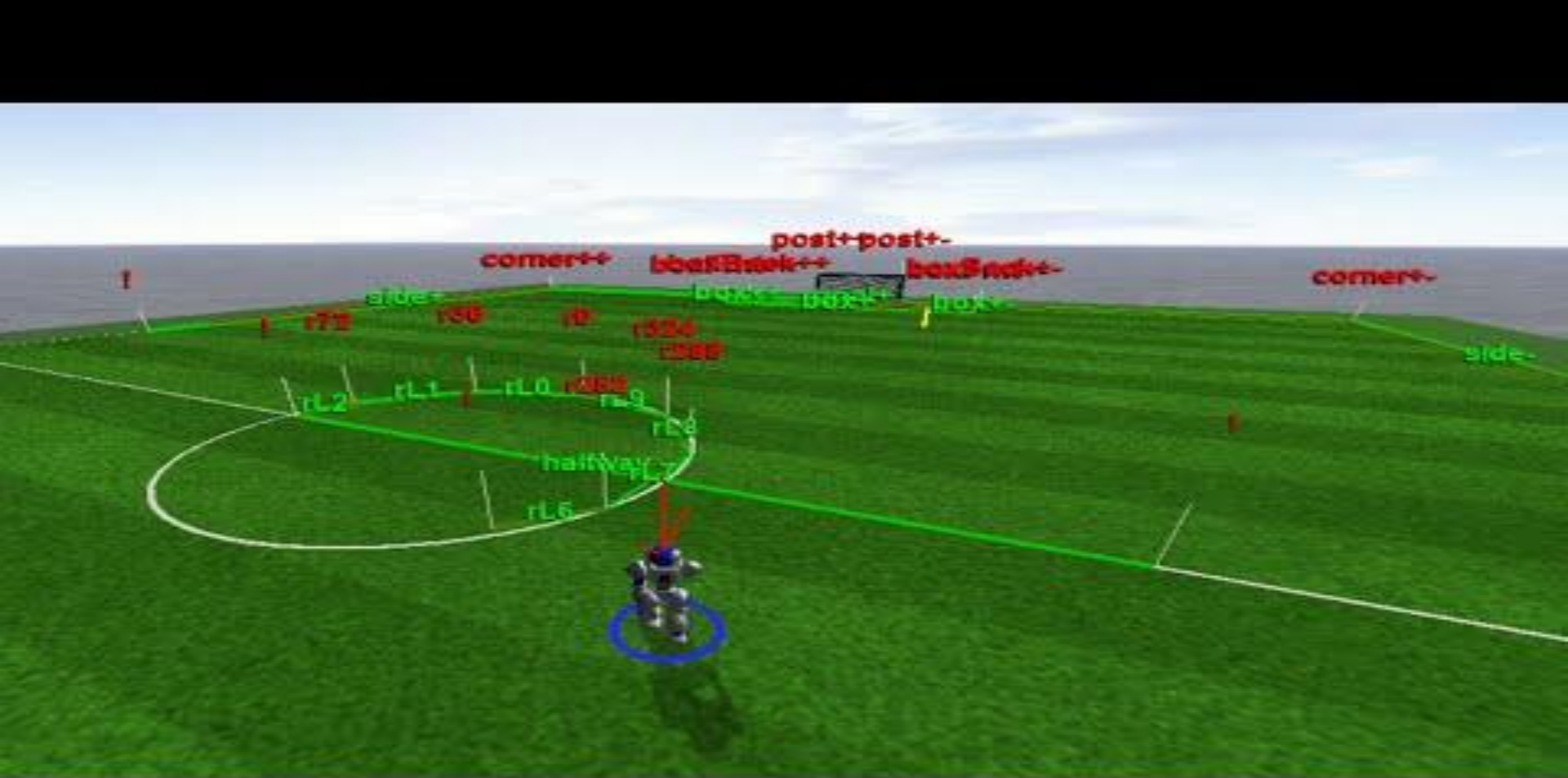
Self-Localization - Mapping Perspectives



Self-Localization - Mapping Issues

Ambiguous locations when no static markers are visible





Self-Localization

	2D Mean Abs. Error (MAE)		3D Mean Abs. Error (MAE)	
	Before	After	Before	After
Agent Position	39mm	5mm	262mm	6mm
Ball Position	52mm	28mm	85mm	39mm

FCP Gym

FCP Gym

- Compliant with OpenAI Gym's API.
- Built on top of our codebase, so we can use our agent code when training models (e.g. kicks, walking engines, strategies, etc...)
- Sharing training environments and implementing trained models into production is straightforward.
- Compiles into a shared library, so sharing and setting up the framework itself is also easy.

Kick in Motion

Based on omnidirectional walking skill

Kick in motion

- Current kicks were very slow, requiring precise positioning and long preparations.
- Training was conducted using **Soft Actor Critic**, an Entropy-Regularized RL algorithm.
- Requires very little hyperparameter tuning.
- Based on the Stable-Baselines 3 implementation.

$$J(\pi) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} \left[\sum_t r(s_t, a_t) + \alpha H(\pi(\cdot | s_t)) \right]$$

Kick in motion (results)

Distance (m)	Percentage (%)	Mean (m)	Std. Deviation (m)
< 1 (failure)	5.4	N/A	N/A
< 3	9.6	2.20	0.52
< 5	21.8	4.29	0.56
>= 5	63.2	6.28	0.89

Results measured over 1,000 episodes.

FCPortugal

0:0

<Right>

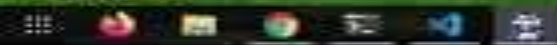
00:48

Playmode: Direct Drive Mode Right Server Speed: 100%



FCPortugal : 1

<Right> : 0



FCPortugal

0:0

<Right>

15:06

Playmode: PkControl

Server Speed: 100%



FCPortugal : 1

<Right> : 0

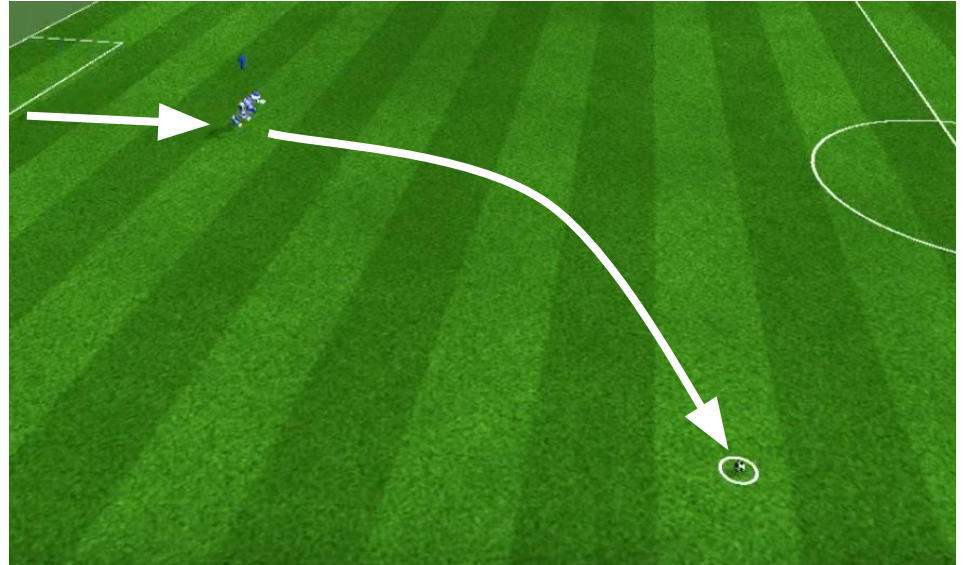
Kick in Motion

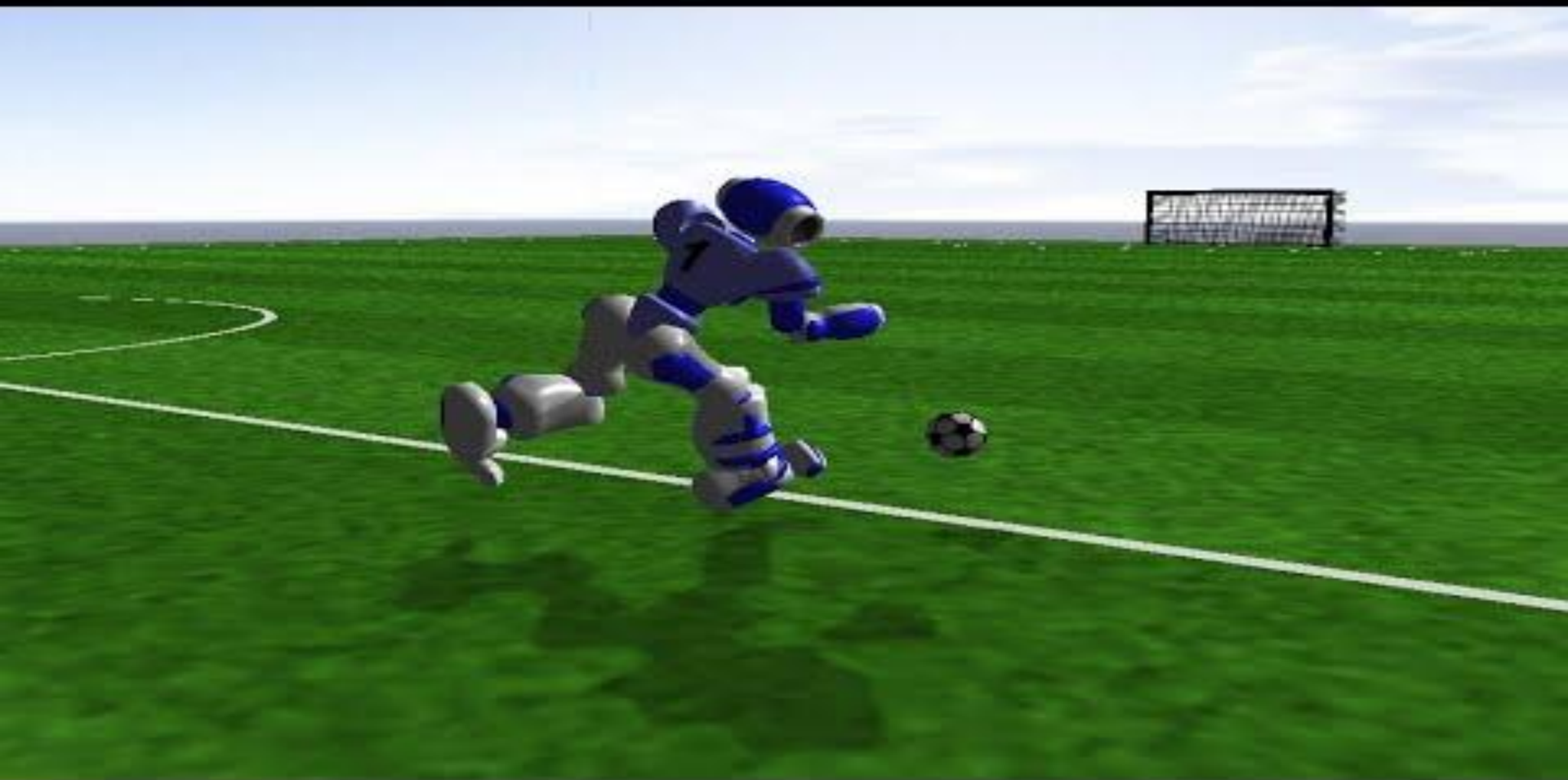
Based on sprint skill

Sprint and Kick

Composite behavior:

- Straightforward sprint
- Rotation
- Kick





Sprint and Kick

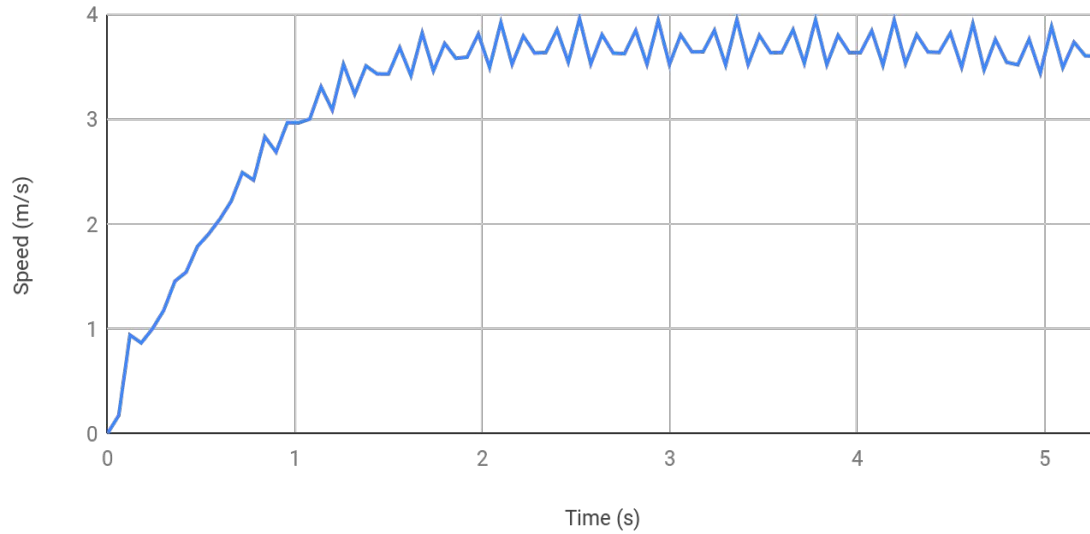
Robot Type 4:

	Max. Speed	Turning Radius
Straightforward Sprint	3.69m/s	-
Rotation	3.44m/s	6.02m

	Avg. Ball kicking distance
Kick	9.07m

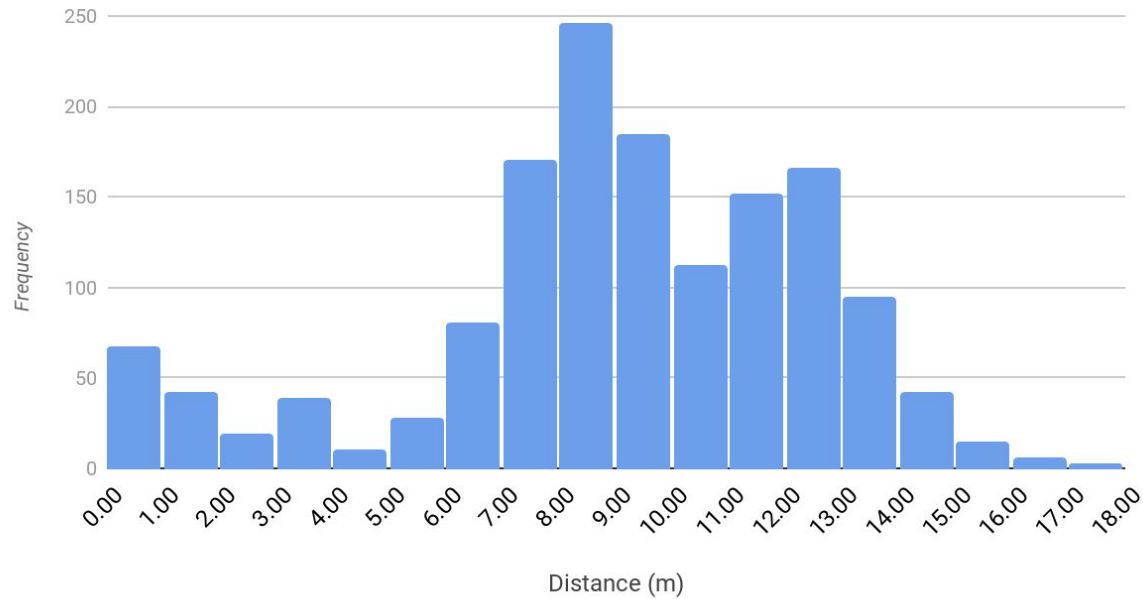
Sprint and Kick

Straightforward Sprint behavior



Sprint and Kick

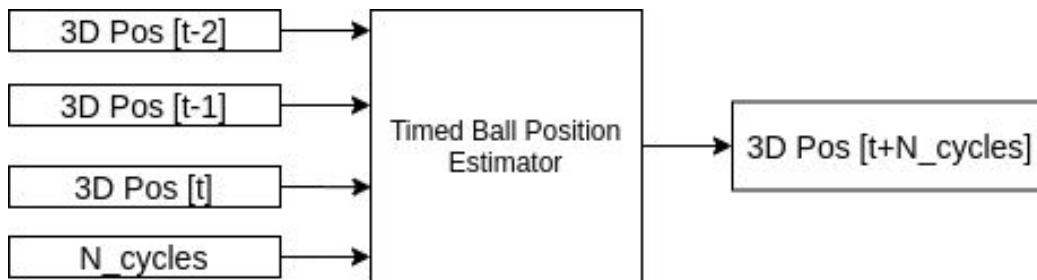
Ball Kicking Distance



Goalkeeper unified behavior

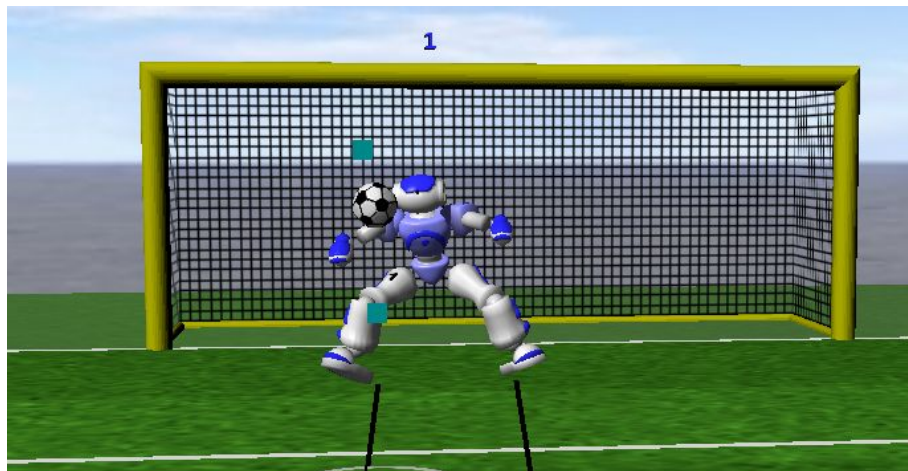
Ball Estimator

- The current ball estimator could not estimate heights and did not handle noisy positions in an appropriate way.
- The new estimator was developed based on a supervised learning approach: Neural Networks with 2 fully-connected hidden layers and ReLU activation.
- More ball positions in the input reduce the noise impact.



Goalkeeper save behavior

- Generic behavior, capable of saving diverse shots.
- Deep Reinforcement Learning approach: PPO algorithm (used the PPO2 implementation from Stable-Baselines2).
- NAO robot type 3: longest legs and arms and wider hip.



Improved Visualization

Improved Visualization

Dangerous plays have dynamic camera emphasis



Improved Visualization

Foul count trigger on close contact caught on camera and shot angle



Improved Visualization

Possession graph and camera follow



Conclusion

- Realistic Simulation
 - Immersive Simulation / Realistic Broadcast
- Self-Localization and Orientation
 - Agent position: ~8x less error (2D) ~41x less error (3D)
 - Ball position: ~2x less error (2D/3D)
- FCP Gym
 - Skill optimization is abstracted from implementation details
- Kick in Motion
 - Mitigates preparation time
 - Improves competitiveness and game fluidity
- Goalkeeper unified behavior
 - Generalized behavior
 - Seamless transitions



LIACC



U. PORTO

Questions?

FCPortugal Recent Scientific Contributions

Miguel Abreu

m.abreu@fe.up.pt

Tiago Silva

up201402841@fe.up.pt

Francisco Resende

francisco.resende@ua.pt

Nuno Lau

nunolau@ua.pt

Luís Paulo Reis

lpreis@fe.up.pt

Igor Silveira

igorsilveira@gmail.com